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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/602,440	06/23/2000	Wilfried Fischer	2727-110	9975
75	590 11/25/2002			
Ronald R Santucci			EXAMINER	
Frommer Lawrence & Haug LLP 745 Fifth Avenue			SHEIKH, HUMERA N	
New York, NY 10151			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1615	''

DATE MAILED: 11/25/2002

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
•	09/602,440	FISCHER ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Humera N. Sheikh	1615				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address						
Period for R ply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a of within the statutory minimum of thin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON, cause the application to become Af	reply be timely filed ty (30) days will be considered timely. ITHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status	D	-,				
<u> </u>	1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>28 October 2002 (paper no.15)</u> .					
, <u> </u>	_					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims	•	,				
4) Claim(s) 1-10 is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner. If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.						
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a)⊠ All b)⊡ Some * c)⊡ None of:						
1.⊠ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).						
 a) The translation of the foreign language pro 15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domest 	• •					
Attachment(s)						
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) _ 	5) Notice of	Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)				

DETAILED ACTION

Status of the Application

Acknowledgement is made of the receipt of the Request for Reconsideration under CFR 1.114 (RCE), the Request for an Extension of Time (2 months) and the Preliminary Amendment, all filed 10/28/02.

Claims 1-10 are pending. New claims 9-10 have been added. Claims 1-10 are rejected.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

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Claims 1-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hoffmann et al. (US Pat. No.5, 538,736, collectively, "Hoffmann").

Hoffmann teaches an active substance-containing plaster for the release of active substances to the skin comprising two different adhesives, each with distinct flowable adhesion properties, wherein the active substance-containing plaster can also contain further additives, such as plasticizers (see reference column 1, lines 20-44), (column 3, lines 17-40); (column 5, lines1-35); (column 8, lines 11-16, 25-57). The active-substance containing plaster contains a back side, a skin side with a back layer, an active substance reservoir which can contain one or more active substances, a contact adhesive device on the skin side and optionally a detachable cover layer, wherein the part of the active substance reservoir part that remains on the skin, has better adhesion to the skin than the back layer (abstract). Hoffmann teaches that apart from the basic materials, the plaster can also contain further suitable additives, such as solubilizers, softeners, plasticizers, tackifiers, stabilizers, fillers and enhancers (col. 8, lines 11-16). The plaster can be used as a transdermal therapeutic system for the controlled administration of medical active substances or also cosmetically active substances to human or animal skin (col. 1, lines 32-43). Figure 1 demonstrates a twopart adhesive active substance-containing reservoir wherein the adhesion of the first active substance reservoir part to the skin must be greater than the adhesion between the peel-off layer and the back layer (col. 4, lines 50-67 through col. 5, lines 1-9). The back layer can be permeable or impermeable and suitable materials for the production

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thereof are for example, polymeric substances, such as polyethylene and polypropylene. Permeable back layers are, for example, textile fabrics, such as non-woven fabrics, and the like (col. 8, lines 25-38). The detachable protective layer can be made detachable by applying a silicone layer. Other detachable protective layers are for example, polyvinylchloride, treated paper cellophane, etc. (col. 8, lines 45-53).

Hoffmann while teaching an active substance-containing plaster for the release of active substances to the skin comprising two different adhesives, each with distinct flowable adhesion properties, does not explicitly teach that the layer of adhesive is specifically rendered flowable by the addition of a plasticizer. However, Hoffmann does teach a plaster comprising two different adhesives, each with distinct adhesion properties and in addition teaches that suitable additives, such as plasticizers can also be contained in the plaster (col. 8, lines 11-16). Since the prior art teaches the use of plasticizers in the active substance-containing plaster, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include various suitable additives, particularly plasticizers, because they may serve to affect the bonding or flow properties of adhesion. The expected result would be an active substance-containing plaster for the release of medically active or cosmetically active substances to human or animal skin having distinct or different flowable adhesion properties as similarly desired by the applicant.

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Correspondence

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Humera Sheikh whose telephone number is (703) 308-

4429. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 7:00A.M.

to 4:30P.M.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Thurman Page, can be reached on (703) 308-2927. The fax phone number

for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 308-4556.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or

proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-

1235.

THURNAN K PAGE SUPERVISORY PAYENT EXAMINER

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